

# Amsterdam 2050: A liveable city for people, plants, and animals

## Greenways from your front door to the landscapes around the city

In 10 minutes, you can walk to a park.  
In 15 minutes, you can bike into the landscape surrounding the city

## Green by default

Wherever possible we will replace pavements with vegetation to create a pleasant, healthy, and natural living environment with the opportunity for social interaction

## Publicly accessible green areas

Allotments, sports parks, and school gardens will become accessible and inviting to a wider public

## Healthy trees on streets and squares

We plant trees that can grow old and grow large

## Collective effort

The construction, planting, and maintenance of green spaces will be done in collaboration with residents, community organisations, businesses, and institutions.

## More biodiversity

Enhancing biodiversity and employing nature-based solutions will form the basis for all urban design, construction, management, and maintenance that takes place in the city

## Park caretakers

Every park will have its own caretaker who will attend to the questions of residents and visitors

## A diversity of green spaces

The city's green spaces will cater to a great variety of needs, tastes, and desires. For example, every urban park will have its own particular character

## New forest and parks

A new urban forest and new urban parks will be added to the city

## Landscape parks

In the landscape directly surrounding the city, we will create more wild nature, food forests, and more facilities for movement and exercise

Green space is important for social well-being, leisure, climate adaptation, health, and biodiversity

